



Performance of Main Economic and Investment Leading Indicators in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

February 2023 •





		,	2020					2021				;	2022		
Main Economic Indicators (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4*	Full Y*
Nominal GDP (SAR Billion)	695	566	672	705	2,638	715	735	820	855	3,126	945	1,048	1,036	-	-
Nominal GDP	-4.3%	-24.6%	-10.9%	-9.9%	-12.5%	3.0%	30.0%	22.0%	21.3%	18.5%	32.1%	42.5%	26.3%	-	-
Real GDP	-1.1%	-7.2%	-4.5%	-3.8%	-4.1%	-2.6%	1.9%	7.0%	6.7%	3.2%	9.9%	12.2%	8.8%	5.4%	8.7%
Real Oil Activities	-4.6%	-5.3%	-8.2%	-8.6%	-6.7%	-11.7%	-7.0%	9.3%	10.9%	0.2%	20.3%	22.9%	14.2%	6.1%	15.4%
Real Non-oil Activities	1.3%	-10.5%	-3.5%	-1.2%	-3.4%	4.3%	9.0%	6.3%	5.1%	6.1%	3.7%	8.2%	6.0%	6.2%	5.4%
Real Government Activities	1.3%	-1.6%	1.6%	-0.6%	0.2%	0.3%	0.7%	2.7%	2.4%	1.5%	2.4%	2.4%	%2.5	1.8%	2.2%
Inflation	1.1%	1.0%	6.0%	5.6%	3.4%	5.3%	5.7%	0.4%	1.1%	3.1%	1.6%	2.3%	2.9%	3.1%	2.5%
Real GDP by Type of Economic Activity (Y-o-Y)															
Construction	4.6%	-2.4%	2.6%	2.8%	1.9%	2.7%	1.0%	0.7%	0.6%	1.3%	0.4%	8.8%	%4.4	-	-
Wholesale & Retail Trade, Restaurants & Hotels	2.5%	-20.1%	-7.3%	-3.3%	-6.8%	6.6%	14.8%	10.8%	4.3%	8.7%	6.3%	16.4%	%5.1	-	-
Other Manufacturing	-4.4%	-12.2%	-8.3%	-3.8%	-7.1%	10.9%	13.9%	4.8%	8.7%	9.5%	4.1%	12.1%	%11.0	-	-
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services	3.2%	1.7%	3.5%	4.5%	3.2%	5.0%	6.6%	8.6%	3.3%	5.8%	2.5%	2.0%	%3.2	-	-
Transport, Storage & Communication (1)	3.7%	-16.6%	-6.7%	-6.1%	-6.3%	-5.7%	8.9%	4.6%	8.6%	3.8%	5.9%	7.8%	%9.0	-	-
Community, Social & Personal Services ⁽²⁾	0.2%	-15.5%	-8.6%	-5.4%	-7.4%	4.3%	10.0%	7.4%	9.4%	7.7%	1.1%	1.2%	%7.6	-	-
4															

According to flash estimates released by (GASTAT), Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) registered a growth of 5.4% in Q4 2022 on an annual basis; this rise is attributed to the increase in non-oil activities by 6.2%, and the increase in oil activities by 6.1%. While, the increase in government activities grew by 1.8%. Preliminary data also shows the growth of the real GDP for the FY 2022 by 8.7% on an annual basis: as result of the growth in the oil activities by 15.4%, non-oil activities by 5.4% and government services activities by 2.2%.



Inflation rate rose to 3.1% in Q4 2022 compared to the same quarter last year. This increase is attributed to the increase in prices

of housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels by 5.6%, and food and beverages by 4.0%.



Source: GASTAT.

^{*} Flash Estimates.

⁽¹⁾ Contains Logistics & Technology Services

⁽²⁾ Contains Sports, Tourism and Entertainment sectors

Selected Investment Indicators



	2020							2021				2022				
Investment Indicators (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	
FDI Inflows (SAR Billion)	6.1	3.1	4.1	7.0	20.2	6.7	51.9	6.5	7.2	72.3	7.4	7.9	7.2	-	-	
FDI Inflows	29.2%	-26.4%	-5.4%	79.7%	18.3%	11.3%	1573.9%	58.8%	3.3%	257.2%	9.5%	-84.9%	10.7%	-	-	
FDI Stock (SAR Billion) (1)	892.5	895.6	899.6	906.7	-	913.4	965.2	971.7	979.0	-	986.3	994.2	1,001.4	_	-	
FDI Stock (1), (2)	0.7%	0.3%	0.5%	0.8%	-	0.7%	5.7%	0.7%	0.7%	-	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	-	-	
Nominal Gross Fixed Capital Formation (Y-o-Y)																
Gross Fixed Capital Formation (SAR Billion)	156.9	142.1	145.5	173.1	617.6	177.3	181.9	180.4	198.0	737.7	225.4	247.8	268.8	-	-	
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	1.8%	-21.8%	-7.9%	1.4%	-7.1%	13.0%	28.0%	24.0%	14.4%	19.4%	27.1%	36.2%	49.0%	-	-	
Government (SAR Billion)	26.5	29.6	35.1	62.7	153.9	13.0	19.8	23.6	43.2	99.7	14.2	34.7	38.9	-	-	
Government	-7.7%	-47.2%	9.7%	37.8%	-0.05%	-50.9%	-33.2%	-32.6%	-31.0%	-35.2%	8.9%	75.6%	64.4%	-	-	
Non-Government (SAR Billion)	130.4	112.5	110.4	110.4	463.7	164.3	162.1	156.7	154.8	638.0	211.2	213.1	229.9	-	-	
Non-Government	3.9%	-10.5%	-12.4%	-11.9%	-7.7%	26.0%	44.1%	42.0%	40.2%	37.6%	28.6%	31.4%	46.7%	-	-	
Investment Licenses (Y-o-Y)																
Issued Licenses (Number) (3)	351	156	307	449	1,263	476	528	852	976	2,832	1,216	938	930	1,276	4,358	
Issued Licenses (3)	18.5%	-45.9%	21.8%	54.8%	11.9%	35.6%	238.5%	177.5%	117.4%	124.2%	155.5%	77.7%	9.2%	30.7%	53.9%	

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) inflows increased by 10.7% in Q3 2022 on an annual basis. Whereas, FDI stock grew by 0.7% in Q3 2022 compared to the previous quarter, which shows the confidence of foreign investors in the Saudi investment ecosystem.



Gross fixed capital formation grew by 49.0% in Q3 2022 on an annual basis. Government fixed capital formation increased by 64.4%, while Non-government fixed capital formation increased by 46.7% during the same period.

In Q4 2022 around 1,276 Investment licenses were issued by MISA an increase by 30.7% on an annual basis-excluding investment licenses granted under the "Tasattur" anti-concealment campaign-. While, the Full year showed a growth of investment licenses issuance by 53.9% on an annual basis; this increase reflects the growing position of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia as an attractive investment destination with competitive advantages including a stable and business-friendly investment environment.



Source: SAMA, MISA, GASTAT.

⁽¹⁾ Cumulative data, Q4 represents the full year

^{(2) (}QoQ)

^{(3) *}Excluding investment licenses granted under the "Tasattur" anti-concealment campaign for the period (Q12021-Q4 2022). as well historical data are preliminarily and subject to change.

Fiscal and Labor Market Indicators



		2	2020					2021					2022	2	
Fiscal Indicators (SAR Billion)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y
Total Revenues	192.1	133.9	215.6	240.2	781.8	204.8	248.1	243.4	269.2	965.5	278.0	370.4	301.9	283.7*	1,234.
Total Expenditures	226.2	243.2	256.3	350	1,075.7	212.2	252.7	236.7	337.3	1,038.9	220.5	292.5	287.7	331.3*	1.132.
Budget Surplus/Deficit	-34.1	-109.2	-40.8	109.8	293.9	-7.4	-4.6	6.7	-68.1	-73.5	57.5	77.9	14.1	-47.5*	102.0
Debt (1)	723.5	819.9	847.8	853.5	-	901.4	922.8	948.3	938.0	-	958.6	966.5	971.8	985.0*	985.0
Labor Market (1)															
Unemployment Rate	5.7%	9.0%	8.5%	7.4%	-	6.5%	6.6%	6.6%	6.9%	-	6.0%	5.8%	5.8%	-	-
Saudi Unemployment Rate	11.8%	15.4%	14.9%	12.6%	-	11.7%	11.3%	11.3%	11.0%	-	10.1%	9.7%	9.9%	-	-
Labor force participation rate of the population	58.2%	59.4%	59.5%	61.0%	-	61.1%	60.8%	61.2%	61.5%	-	60.4%	60.8%	61.5%	-	-
Labor force participation rate for Saudis	46.2%	48.8%	49.0%	51.2%	-	49.5%	49.4%	49.8%	51.5%	-	50.1%	51.8%	52.5%	-	-
Employment to population ratio	54.9%	54.1%	54.4%	56.5%	-	57.2%	56.8%	57.1%	57.3%	-	56.8%	57.3%	58.0%	-	-
Employment to population ratio for Saudis	40.8%	41.3%	41.7%	44.7%	-	43.8%	43.8%	44.2%	45.8%	-	45.1%	46.8%	47.3%	-	-

The total government revenues grew by 5.4% recording SAR 283.8 billion in Q4 2022 on an annual basis. Government revenues are expected to reach about SAR 1,234 billion in 2022, up by 27.8% on an annual basis.



In Q4 2022, government expenditures decreased by 1.8% on an annual basis, to reach SAR 331.3 billion, government expenditures are expected to reach about SAR 1,132 billion in 2022, up by 9.0% on an annual basis.



Labor force participation rate for Saudis increased to 52.5% in Q3 2022 compared to 51.8% in the previous quarter.



Source: MoF, GASTAT.

⁽¹⁾ Cumulative data, Q4 represents the full year.

^{*} Preliminary data based on the budget statement for the fiscal year 2023.

Capital Market and International Trade Indicators



			2020					2021				!			
Capital Market (Y-o-Y)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y
Tadawul All Share Index (TASI) ⁽¹⁾	-26.2%	-18.1%	2.6%	3.6%	-	52.3%	52.0%	38.5%	29.8%	-	32.1%	4.9%	-0.8%	-7.1%	-
Market Capitalization (value) (TASI) (1)	262.3%	295.6%	378.4%	0.8%	-	27.4%	18.1%	10.3%	10.0%	-	24.2%	17.7%	7.6%	-1.3%	-
Volume Traded (TASI)	58.1%	84.5%	218.7%	200.8%	135.0%	84.1%	24.8%	-46.8%	-55.9%	-15.6%	-42.3%	-42.9%	-23.0%	-19.4%	-34.2%
Parallel Market Index (Nomu) ⁽¹⁾	49.4%	110.5%	273.6%	265.6%	-	340.2%	186.1%	67.6%	-1.0%	-	3.0%	-5.9%	-16.0%	-25.2%	-
Market Capitalization (value) (Nomu) (1)	-61.0%	-28.5%	57.8%	379.5%	-	621.4%	263.8%	110.2%	56.2%	-	208.7%	192.0%	134.7%	84.4%	-
Volume Traded (Nomu)	164.8%	348.1%	279.1%	-48.8%	53.9%	28.0%	-20.5%	-4.5%	45.9%	-4.3%	153.0%	24.7%	24.1%	-28.8%	35.8%
International Trade (Y-o-Y)															
Trade volume	-15.0%	-39.5%	-25.6%	-18.3%	-98.5	7.2%	52.4%	47.5%	48.3%	155.4%	50.7%	61.9%	38.8%	-	-
Trade Balance	-49.3%	- 105.2%	-58.5%	-56.5%	-269.5%	15.8%	1866.9%	243.1%	304.7%	2430.5%	203.5%	180.8%	69.6%	-	-
Total Exports	-23.0%	-52.6%	-31.9%	-26.0%	-133.6%	8.5%	94.0%	70.4%	78.8%	251.7%	75.9%	85.4%	46.1%	-	-
Total Imports	0.1%	-17.8%	-15.4%	-5.3%	-38.3%	5.3%	12.5%	17.7%	8.3%	43.7%	13.0%	23.1%	25.1%	-	-

Tadawul All Share Index (TASI) showed a decrease of 7.1% in Q4 2022 on an annual basis. While, (Nomu) Index registered a decrease of 25.2% during the same period; due to global uncertainty as well as oil price fluctuations.



The Trade volume increased by 38.8% in Q3 2022 on an annual basis, while the Trade balance grew by 69.6% in the same period; as a result of the increase in total exports and imports by 46.1%, and 25.1% respectively, during the same period.



Source: Tadawul, GASTAT.

⁽¹⁾ Cumulative data, Q4 represents the full year

Economic and Investment Indicators for Selected Economic Sectors



			2020				:	2021				4			
Selected Economic Sectors (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y
Real Estate															
Real Estate Price Index	1.2%	0.7%	0.6%	-0.3%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.9%	0.5%	0.4%	0.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.1%
Total Real Estate Loans by Banks ^{(1), (2)}	32.8%	38.9%	42.1%	44.1%	-	44.1%	39.7%	36.0%	32.8%	-	27.6%	27.0%	24.2%	-	-
Tourism Sector *															
Domestic Tourists (Million)**	12.9	1.2	14.1	14.0	42.1	15.7	15.0	16.8	16.3	63.8	18.5	21.4	-	-	-
Domestic Tourist Growth	4.5%	-89.7%	11.4%	21.2%	-11.9%	21.8%	1,189.4%	19.5%	16.8%	51.6%	18.3%	42.3%	-	-	-
Domestic Tourists Spending (SAR Billion)	12.6	1.1	14.9	14.7	43.3	19.5	17.2	21.5	22.7	80.9	21.8	22.7	-	-	-
Domestic Tourists Spending Growth	12.3%	-89.4%	-15.5%	-31.8%	-29.2%	55.0%	1,403.7%	44.5%	53.8%	86.6%	11.8%	31.5%	-	-	-
Inbound Tourists (Million)	3.4	0.1	0.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.6	3.5	2.5	3.6	-	-	-
Inbound Tourists Growth	-28.1%	-98.2%	-95.3%	-88.9%	-76.4%	-85.2%	559.1%	313.6%	261.9%	-16.0%	389.6%	575.4%	-	-	-
Inbound Tourists Spending (SAR Billion)	17.6	0.2	0.5	1.8	20.1	2.0	2.3	3.1	7.3	14.7	11.0	15.7	-	-	-
Inbound Tourists Spending Growth	-18.2%	-99.0%	-98.8%	-91.0%	-80.6%	-88.5%	1,093.1%	528.4%	303.2%	-26.8%	443.3%	570.0%	-	-	-
Manufacturing Sector															
Capital for New Licensed Factories (SAR Billion)	3.4	2.3	11.5	5. 9	23.0	17.7	2.8	55.0	5.5	81.1	8.8	8.2	8.0	-	-
Capital for New Licensed Factories	-	-	-	%94.5	-	428.6%	21.6%	380.5%	-5.4%	252.8%	-50.2%	188.0%	-85.5%	-	-
Industrial Licenses (Number)	240	133	255	274	902	308	221	216	208	953	260	241	224	-	-
Industrial Licenses	-	-	-	%39.8	-	28.3%	66.2%	-15.3%	-24.1%	5.7%	-15.6%	9.0%	3.7%	-	-

Real Estate Price Index (REPI) increased by 1.6% in Q4 2022 on an annual basis; this growth is attributed to the increase in the prices of residential real estate prices by 2.6%. While the full year showed an increase of 1.1% on an annual basis;

Inbound Tourist increased by 575.4% in Q2 2022 on an annual basis; showing the increase in the Inbound tourists spending by 570% While, Domestic Tourist increased by 42.3% showing the increase in the Domestic Tourist spending by 31.5% in the same period.



The New Industrial Licenses increased by 3.7% in Q3 2022 on an annual basis; this increase is attributed to the efforts made to enhance the competitiveness of the industrial environment, raise the value of local content and support locally manufactured products.



Source: GASTAT, SAMA, Ministry of Tourism, Ministry of Industry and Mineral Resources.

^{*} Data are preliminary.

^{**} Tourists mean overnight visitors who have spent at least one night during their trip.

⁽¹⁾ Contains Retail and Corporate

⁽²⁾ Cumulative data, Q4 represents the full year

Economic High Frequency Data



Index

(PMI)

		2021			2022	
Economic High Frequency Data (Y-o-Y)	December	Q4	Full Y	December	Q4	Full Y
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	1.2%	1.1%	3.1%	3.3%	3.1%	2.5%
Wholesale Price Index (WPI)	13.3%	12.5%	12.1%	3.0%	3.8%	7.7%
Purchasing Mangers Index (PMI)	-6.8% ⁽¹⁾	3.6%	11.1%	9.4% ⁽²⁾	2.4%	1.3%
Industrial Production Index (IPI)	10.3% ⁽³⁾	6.1% ⁽⁴⁾	-1. 9 % ⁽⁵⁾	8.6% ⁽⁶⁾	16.7% ⁽⁷⁾	18.1% ⁽⁸⁾
Cement Sales	-7.3%	-7.2%	0.3%	-4.0%	2.6%	-1.5%
Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)	2.2% ⁽¹⁾	6.9%	4.9%	9.5% ⁽²⁾	8.0%	7.1%
Interest Rate (3-month SAIBOR)*	0.1	0.0	-	4.4	4.4	-
Points of Sales (PoS)	18.0%	19.5%	32.5%	13.8%	15.0%	18.1%
SADAD Payments	-6.0%	-1.5%	26.4%	2.5%	17.7%	14.3%
Cash Withdrawals	-11.3%	-11.0%	-7.5%	-2.9%	-1.8%	-4.7%
M3**	7.4%	-	7.4%	8.1%	-	8.1%
Time and Saving Deposits**	4.5%	-	4.5%	32.2%	-	32.2%
Demand Deposits**	6.0%	-	6.0%	-2.3%	-	-2.3%
Credit to Private Sector**	15.3%	-	15.3%	13.1%	-	13.1%
Total Reserves**	0.4%	-	0.4%	1.0%	-	1.0%
Banks Claims on Public Sector**	11.3%	-	11.3%	10.8%	-	10.8%
Foreign Personal Transfers	-17.3%	-4.8%	2.8%	-9.4%	-15.3%	-6.9%
Average Oil Prices	48.9%	76.4%	63.8%	8.7%	11.0%	39.7%
Average Oil Production	10.9%	10.0%	-1.1%	5.4%	7.5%	15.9%
Non-oil Exports	48.2% ⁽³⁾	28.5% ⁽⁴⁾	36.3% ⁽⁵⁾	-18.0% ⁽⁶⁾	11.7% ⁽⁷⁾	18.3% ⁽⁸⁾
Oil Exports	110.7% ⁽³⁾	91.6% ⁽⁴⁾	69.8% ⁽⁵⁾	11.8% ⁽⁶⁾	57.3% ⁽⁷⁾	67.1% ⁽⁸⁾
Imports of Goods	1.7% ⁽³⁾	17.7% ⁽⁴⁾	10.2% ⁽⁵⁾	26.5% ⁽⁶⁾	25.1% ⁽⁷⁾	23.0% ⁽⁸⁾

private sector; due to strong demand and higher inflows of new business.

Managers

increased by 9.4% in January 2023 reaching 58.2 points, Which indicates an improvement in the performance of the non-oil

Consumer Price Index (CPI) increased by 3.3% in December 2022 on an annual basis. The main driver of CPI inflation in December was the higher prices of housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels by 5.9%, and food and beverages

by 4.2%.

Purchasing

Points of Sales (PoS) Value of transactions (Sales) increased by 13.8% in December 2022 on an annual basis, pushed by the increase in the education sector and hotels by 38.2% and 32.2%, respectively; this rise is subject to the increased demand and consumption.

Average Oil Prices increased by 8.7% in December 2022 on an annual basis, reaching \$81 per barrel.

(5) Up to Nov 2021

Source: GASTAT, SAMA, IHS Markit, OPEC, Argaam, Ipsos.

^{*}Represents the difference between the basis points on an annual basis

^{**}November data is accumulative Numbers.

⁽¹⁾ Jan 2022

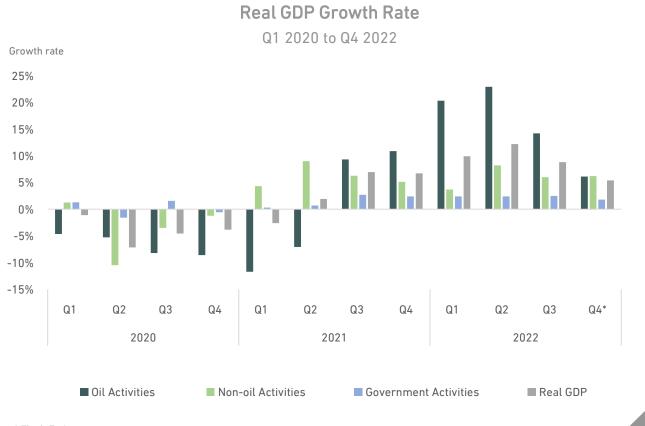
⁽⁶⁾ Nov 2022 (2) Jan 2023 (7) Q3 2022

⁽³⁾ Nov 2021

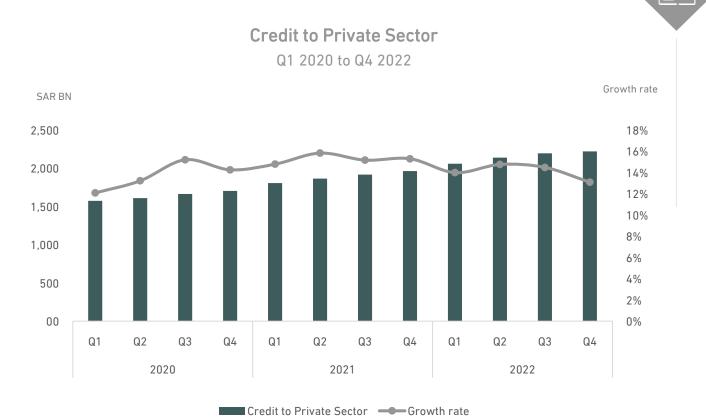
⁽⁴⁾ Q3 2021

⁽⁸⁾ Up to Nov 2022













■ Wholesale & Retail Trade, Restaurants & hotels

■ Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services

■ Transport, Storage & Communication

Community, Social & Personal Services

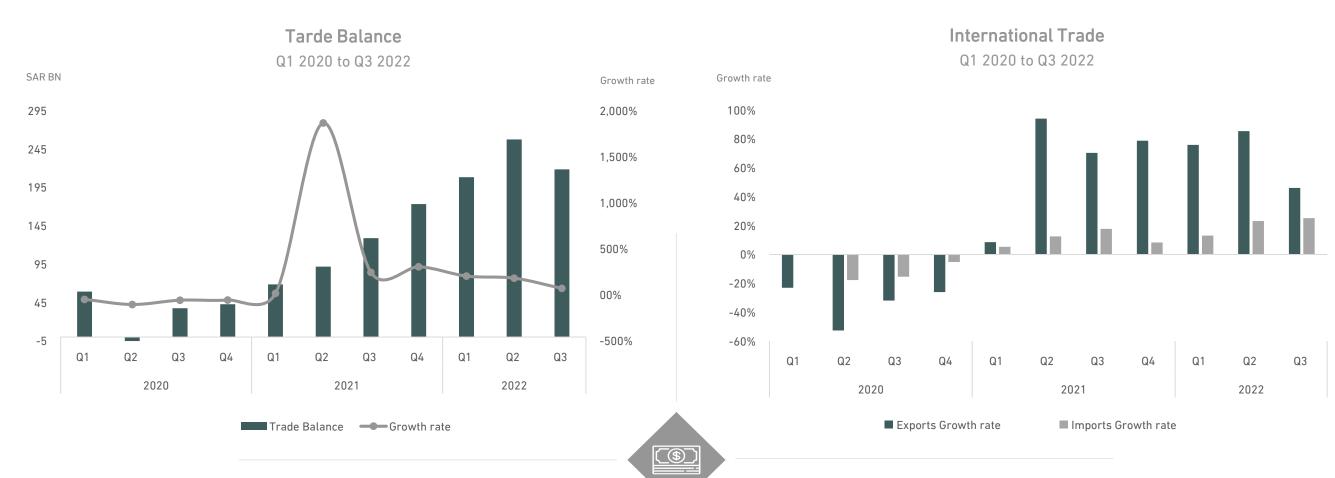
Purchasing Mangers Index (PMI)

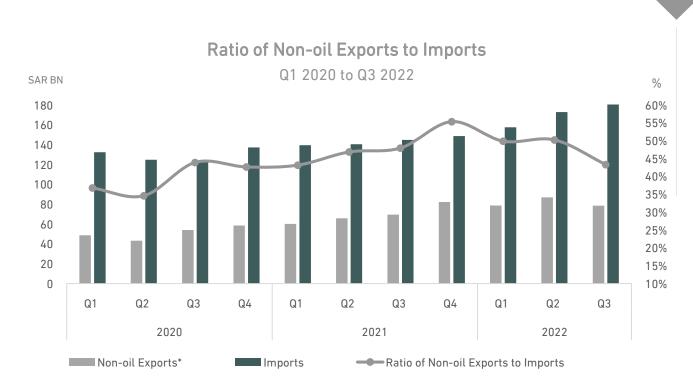
Jan 2021 to Jan 2023



Growth rate Index











May June

2022

Growth rate

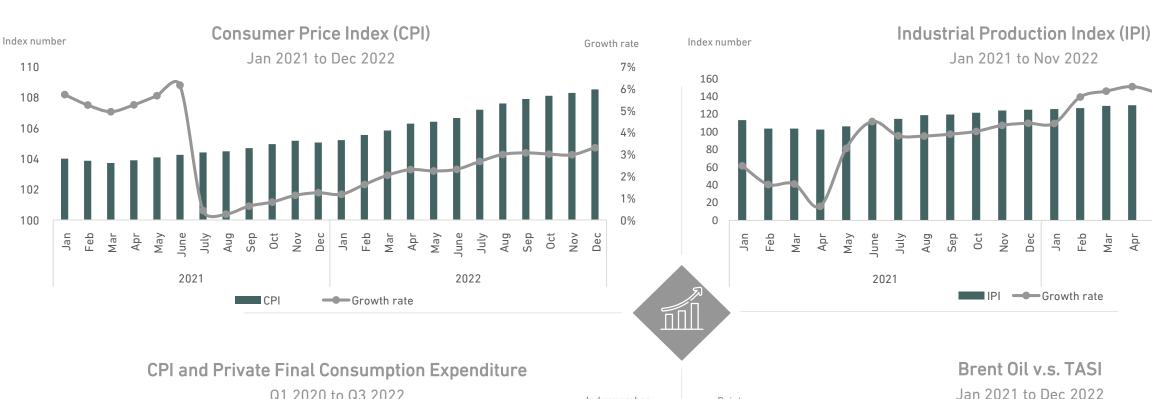
30%

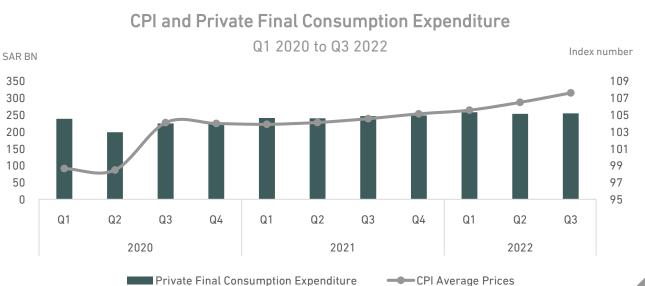
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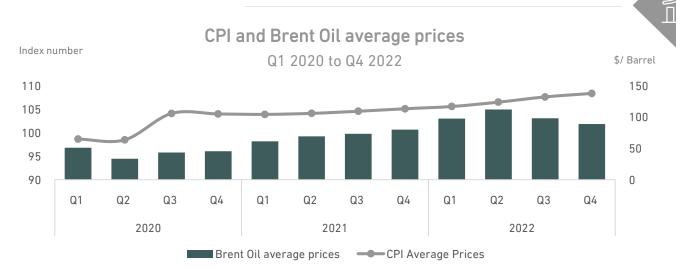
-10%

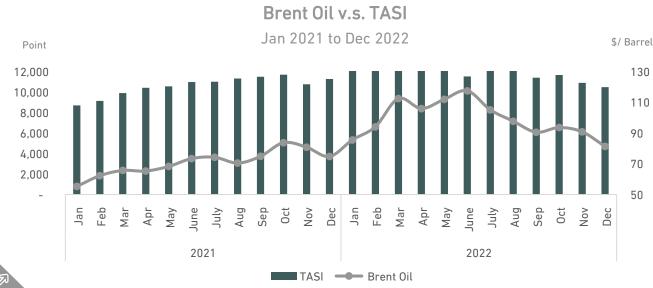
-20%

Oct Nov





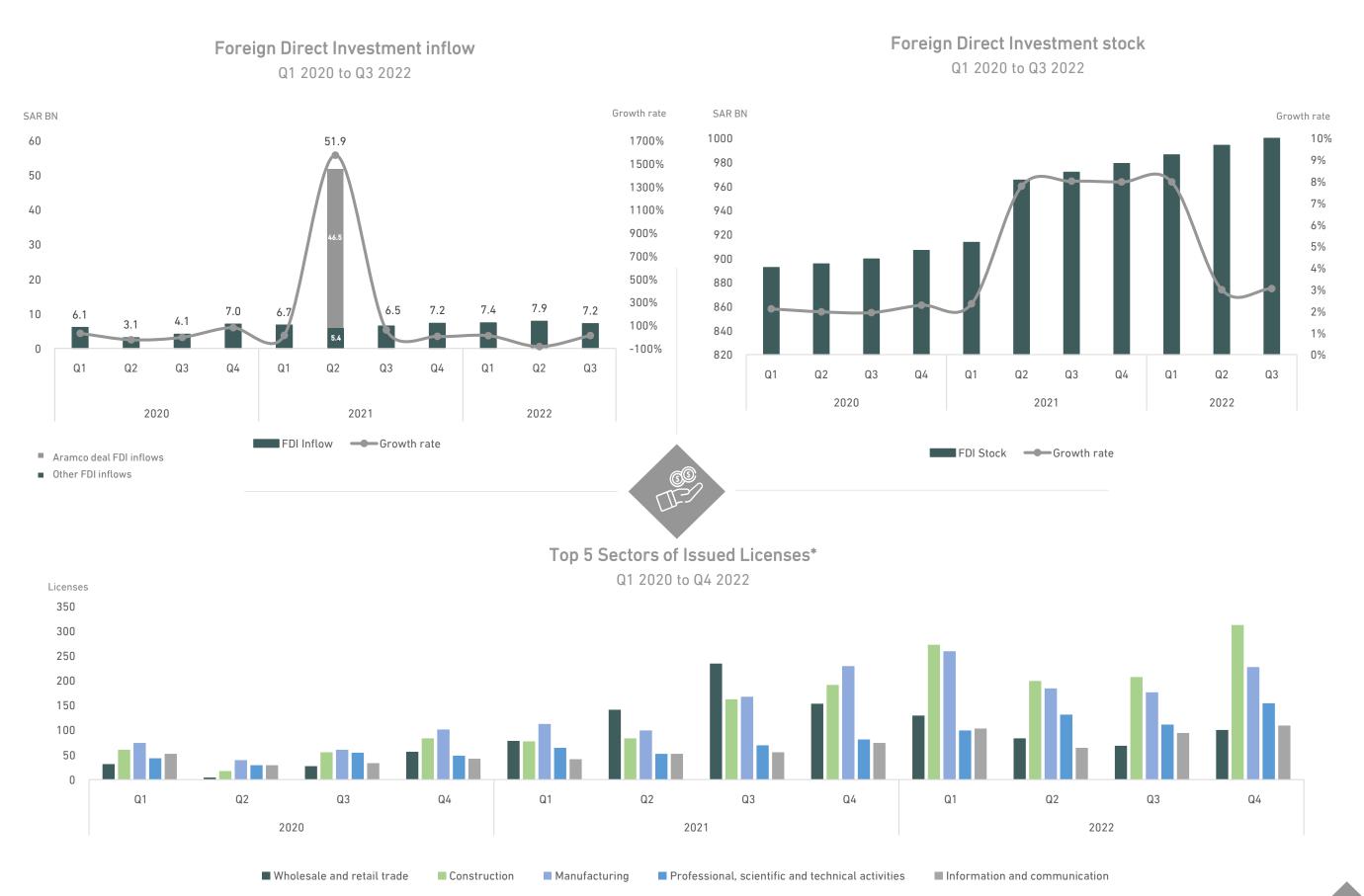






Selected Investment Indicators



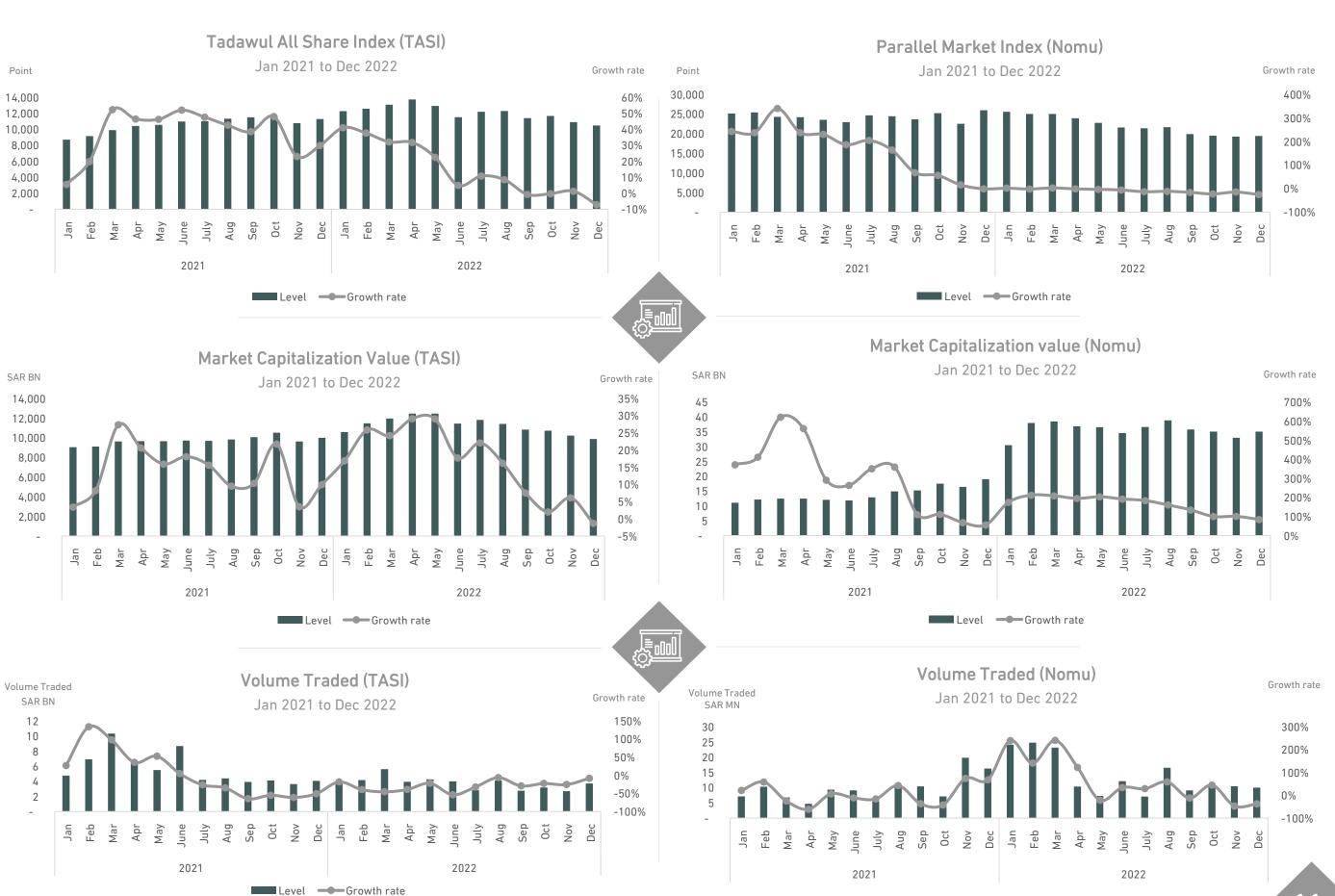


^{*}Excluding investment licenses granted under the "Tasattur" anti-concealment campaign for the period (Q12021-Q4 2022). as well historical data are preliminarily and subject to change. Source: SAMA, MISA.

Selected Capital Market Indicators

Source: Tadawul.





Level Growth rate



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