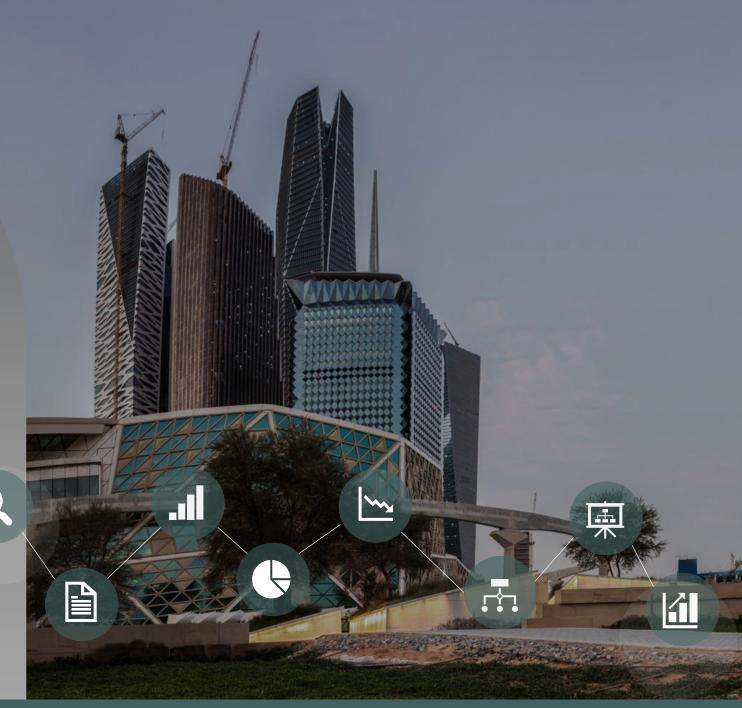


Performance of Saudi Arabia in Key Economic and Investment Indicators

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August 2024



Selected Economic Indicators



			2022					2023			20	24
Main Economic Indicators (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2
Nominal GDP (SAR Billion)	979	1,088	1,065	1,024	4,157	1,011	978	997	1,017	4,003	1,016	-
Nominal GDP (%)	31.4%	40.1%	24.9%	13.4%	26.8%	3.3%	-10.1%	-6.4%	-0.7%	-3.7%	0.4%	-
Real GDP Growth (%)	7.5%	9.1%	8.0%	5.6%	7.5%	3.2%	1.7%	-3.2%	-4.3%	-0.8%	-1.7%	-0.4%
Real Oil Activities	20.1%	22.5%	14.0%	5.3%	15.0%	%0.8	-3.7%	-16.1%	-16.2%	-9.0%	-11.2%	-8.5%
Real Non-oil Activities	4.0%	6.0%	6.2%	6.2%	5.6%	5.3%	5.1%	3.2%	4.2%	4.4%	3.4%	4.4%
Real Government Activities	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%	5.0%	4.6%	2.8%	0.3%	1.9%	3.1%	2.1%	2.0%	3.6%
Real GDP Growth for Selected Economic Activities (Y-o-Y)	5											
Construction	3.9%	13.8%	9.4%	9.0%	8.9%	5.1%	2.4%	4.2%	5.4%	4.3%	2.4%	-
Wholesale & Retail Trade, Restaurants & Hotels	5.9%	4.5%	6.1%	6.1%	5.6%	7.9%	7.4%	5.2%	7.5%	7.0%	5.9%	-
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	3.1%	3.6%	3.3%	6.4%	4.0%	3.0%	3.6%	4.5%	5.6%	4.1%	4.4%	-
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services	5.1%	5.2%	6.7%	6.9%	6.0%	4.1%	1.5%	3.8%	6.0%	3.9%	2.7%	-
Transport, Storage & Communication (1)	0.2%	0.2%	0.8%	5.6%	1.8%	8.2%	9.9%	5.0%	6.4%	7.3%	5.0%	-
Community, Social & Personal Services (2)	4.7%	-0.1%	3.4%	5.6%	3.5%	12.4%	13.5%	11.1%	6.6%	10.8%	4.5%	-
Selected Economic Sectors (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated												
Real Estate												
Real Estate Price Index (%)	0.4%	0.7%	1.5%	1.6%	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.7%	0.2%	0.7%	0.6%	1.7%
Total Real Estate Loans by Banks (%) (3)	27.6%	27.0%	24.2%	20.9%	20.9%	16.6%	14.6%	12.8%	11.5%	11.5%	13.4%	11.7%

According to the GASTAT flash estimates, Saudi Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) decreased by 0.4% YoY in Q2 2024, due to a decline in oil activities by 8.5%, which might be related to Saudi Arabia's voluntary oil cut in line with OPEC+. On the other hand, non-oil activities rose by 4.4%, and government activities by 3.6% respectively in the same period.

Most economic activities achieved positive growth in Q1 2024 YoY, as wholesale & retail trade, restaurants & hotels achieved the highest growth of 5.9%, followed by transport, storage and communication by 5.0%, community, social & personal activities by 4.5%, and Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing by 4.4%.

In Q2 2024, the Real Estate Price Index (REPI) increased by 1.7% YoY, affected by the increase in residential real estate prices by 2.8% and agricultural real estate prices by 1.5%. However, commercial real estate prices decreased by 0.4% in the same period.

Source: GASTAT, SAMA

⁽¹⁾ Including Logistics & Technology Services

⁽²⁾ Including Sports, Tourism & Entertainment sectors

⁽³⁾ Including Retail and Corporate

Selected Investment Indicators



			2022					2023			20	24
Investment Indicators (Y-o-Y) unless otherwise stated	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2
Foreign Direct Investment*												
FDI Inflow (SAR Billion)	72.4**	18.6	17.0	14.7	122.6	16.9	19.4	16.6	19.4	72.3	17.0	-
FDI Inflow growth (%)	743.8%**	-71.2%	3.1%	16.1%	20.0%	-76.6%	4.6%	-2.1%	32.2%	12.1% ⁽³⁾	0.6%	-
FDI Stock (SAR Billion) (1)	727.0	740.0	751.9	762.0	762.0	771.0	783.7	795.0	808.2	808.2	817.7	-
FDI Stock growth (%) (2)	10.3%	1.8%	1.6%	1.4%	15.6%	1.2%	1.6%	1.4%	1.7%	6.1%	1.2%	-
Nominal Gross Fixed Capital Formation												
Gross Fixed Capital Formation (SAR Billion)	232.1	260.7	265.7	265.9	1024.3	294.4	278.9	260.6	282.9	1,116.7	317.5	-
Gross Fixed Capital Formation growth (%)	20.7%	32.6%	36.3%	25.0%	28.6%	26.8%	7.0%	-1.9%	6.4%	9.0%	7.9%	-
Gross Fixed Capital Formation Government (SAR Billion)	15.2	40.9	45.0	50.9	152.0	18.9	42.3	40.3	55.8	157.4	22.3	-
Gross Fixed Capital Formation Government growth	1.8%	87.4%	74.4%	11.3%	40.3%	24.4%	3.5%	-10.3%	9.5%	3.5%	17.8%	-
Gross Fixed Capital Formation Non-Government (SAR Billion)	216.8	219.8	220.7	214.9	872.2	275.4	236.6	220.2	227.1	959.3	295.2	-
Gross Fixed Capital Formation Non-Government growth (%)	22.3%	25.7%	30.5%	28.7%	26.7%	27.0%	7.6%	-0.2%	5.7%	10.0%	7.2%	-
Investment Licenses												
Issued Licenses (Number) (4)	1,216	935	929	1,282	4,362	1,636	1,824	2,193	2,888	8,541	3,166	2,728
Issued Licenses growth (%)	155.5%	77.1%	9.2%	31.4%	54.1%	34.5%	95.1%	%136.1	125.3%	95.8%	93.5%	49.6%
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The Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) inflows increased by 0.6% YoY in Q1 2024. The FDI stock, likewise, grew by 1.2% QoQ by the end of Q1 2024, reflecting the growing confidence of foreign investors in the Saudi investment environment.

The Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) increased by 7.9% YoY in Q1 2024, as a result of a growth in the fixed capital formation of the government sector and non-government sector by 17.8%, and 7.2%, respectively for the same period.

In Q2 2024, the number of investment licenses issued by MISA reached 2,728 licenses, a growth of 49.6% YoY (excluding investment licenses issued under the "Tasattur" anti-concealment campaign), reflecting the position of Saudi Arabia as an attractive investment destination that offers competitive advantages, and provides stable and supportive investment environment for businesses.

Source: MISA, GASTAT.

^{*2023} and Q1 2024 figures are based on quarterly preliminary data issued by GASTAT.

^{**}Including the Aramco deals in Q2 2021, amounted to SAR 46.5 billion, and in Q1 2022, amounted to SAR 58.1 billion.

⁽¹⁾ Cumulative data, Q4 represents the full year

^{(2) (}Q-o-Q)

⁽³⁾ Growth rate compared to the 2022 inflows of SAR 64.5 billion, excluding the Aramco deal.

^{(4) *}Excluding investment licenses granted under the "Tasattur" anti-concealment campaign for the period (Q1 2021-Q1 2024).

Historical figures of investment licenses are subject to update according to data dynamics

Labor Market Indicators



			2022					2023			2024
Labor Market (%)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Y	Q1
Unemployment Rate	5.4%	5.1%	4.9%	4.1%	4.1%	4.3%	4.1%	4.2%	3.4%	3.4%	3.5%
Saudi Unemployment Rate	10.3%	10.0%	10.2%	8.2%	8.2%	8.7%	8.5%	8.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.6%
Labor force participation rate of the population	63.9%	65.4%	66.3%	66.5%	66.5%	66.9%	66.1%	66.4%	67.0%	67.0%	66.0%
Labor force participation rate for Saudis	49.1%	50.8%	51.4%	51.5%	51.5%	51.4%	50.7%	50.8%	50.4%	50.4%	51.4%
Employment to population ratio	60.4%	62.1%	63.0%	63.8%	63.8%	64.1%	63.4%	63.5%	64.7%	64.7%	63.7%
Employment to population ratio for Saudis	44.1%	45.7%	46.2%	47.2%	47.2%	47.0%	46.4%	46.3%	46.5%	46.5%	47.5%

In Q1 2024, the Saudi Unemployment Rate decreased to 7.6% compared to 7.8% in Q4 2023, bringing it closer to the Saudi Vision 2030 target of 7.0%.

However, the total unemployment rate witnessed slight increase of 3.5% in Q1 2024 compared to 3.4% in Q4 2023.

Economic High Frequency Data



	20	23	2024				
Change of Economic Indicators (%)	July	Up to July	July	Up to July			
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	2.3%	2.8%	1.5%	1.6%			
Wholesale Price Index (WPI)	-0.9%	0.6%	3.1%	3.4%			
Purchasing Mangers Index (PMI)	-1.9% ⁽¹⁾	4.5% ⁽²⁾	-3.2% ⁽¹⁾	-4.6% ⁽²⁾			
Cement Sales	4.5%	-4.3%	7.9%	-0.4%			
Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)	-0.6% ⁽³⁾	5.3% ⁽⁴⁾	4.6% ⁽³⁾	2.2%(4)			
Average Interest Rate Change (3-month SAIBOR)	3.1	0.02*	0.3	-0.05*			
Points of Sale (PoS)	7.9%	10.8%	9.7%	9.2%			
SADAD Payments	22.6%	15.9%	21.3%	12.8%			
Cash Withdrawals	-9.8%	-0.1%	8.0%	1.2%			
Money Supply (M3)	9.3%	9.3%	7.9%	7.9%			
Time and Saving Deposits	48.9%	48.9%	20.3%	20.3%			
Demand Deposits	-4.6%	-4.6%	5.4%	5.4%			
Credit to Private Sector	10.0%	10.0%	11.2%	11.2%			
Total Reserves	-8.0%	-8.0%	6.1%	6.1%			
Banks Claims on Public Sector	10.4%	10.4%	9.4%	9.4%			
Foreign Personal Transfers	-8.4%	-17.7%	21.5%	11.1%			
Average Oil Prices	-23.7%	-23.4%	4.6%	4.2%			
Average Oil Production in Saudi Arabia	-15.7%	-2.7%	-1.2%	-11.2%			
Non-oil Exports**	-34.5% ⁽⁵⁾	-18.5% ⁽⁶⁾	7.3% ⁽⁵⁾	7.5% ⁽⁶⁾			
Oil Exports	-37.2% ⁽⁵⁾	-25.4% ⁽⁶⁾	-9.3% ⁽⁵⁾	-5.4% ⁽⁶⁾			
Imports of Goods	-2.0% ⁽⁵⁾	13.8% ⁽⁶⁾	-5.1% ⁽⁵⁾	6.5% ⁽⁶⁾			

In July 2024, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) recorded 1.5% compared to 2.3% in July 2023, driven by higher prices of housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels by 9.3% and prices of food and beverages by 0.4%.

In August 2024, the Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) reached 54.8 points, it remained well above the neutral level (50 points), backed by a recovery in non-oil production.

In July 2024, the Points of Sale (PoS) transactions rose by 9.7% YoY, due to an increase in sales of Education sector by 28.9%, followed by Miscellaneous goods & services and Telecommunication sectors by 27.8% and 23.9%, respectively; driven by high demand and consumption.

In July 2024, the average price of Brent crude oil increased by 4.6% YoY reaching \$84 per barrel.

Source: GASTAT, SAMA, IHS Markit, OPEC, Argaam, Ipsos.

^{*}Month over month comparison

^{**}Includes re-export

⁽¹⁾ August

⁽²⁾ Up to August

⁽³⁾ May

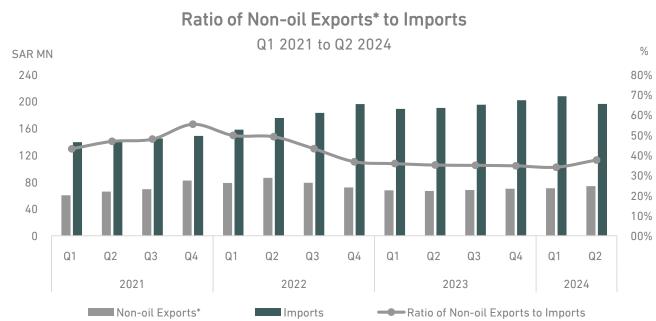
⁽⁴⁾ Up to May

⁽⁵⁾ June (6) Up to June

Selected Economic Indicators









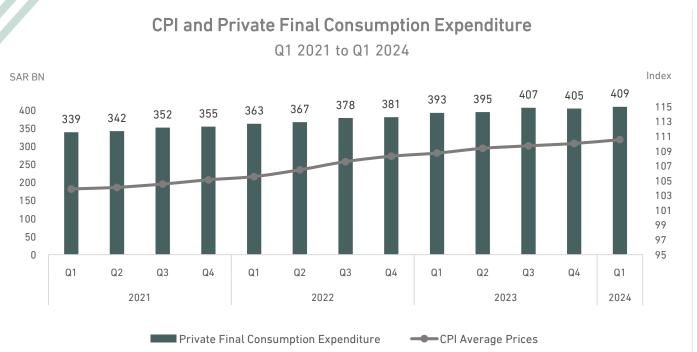
Q2

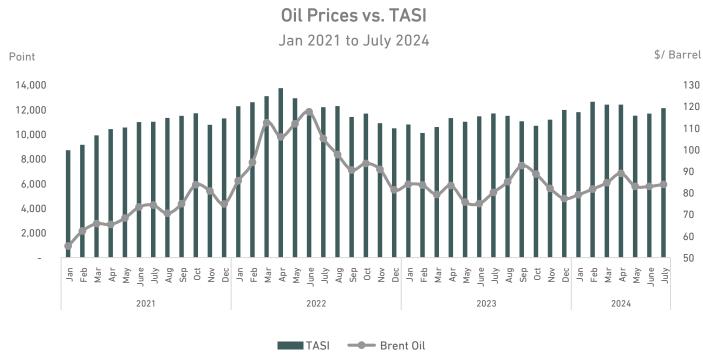
2024

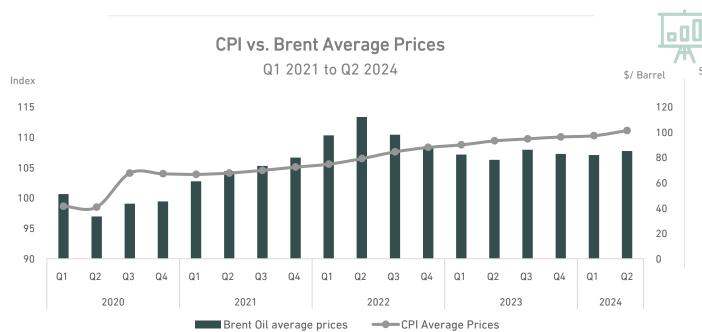
^{*}Include re-exports
Source: GASTAT, SAMA.

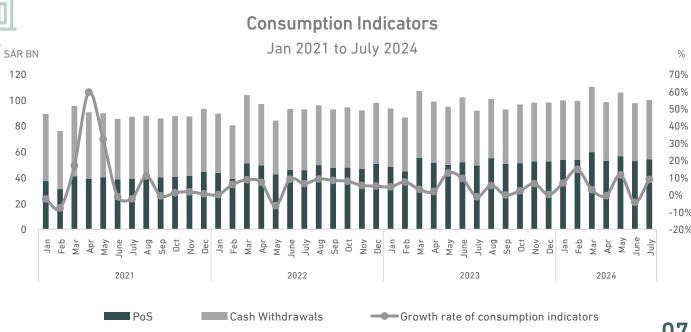
Selected Economic Indicators





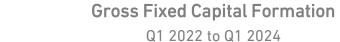


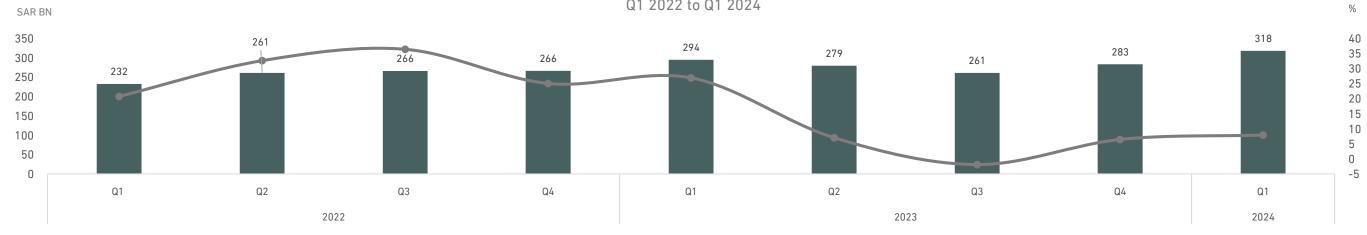




Selected Investment Indicators



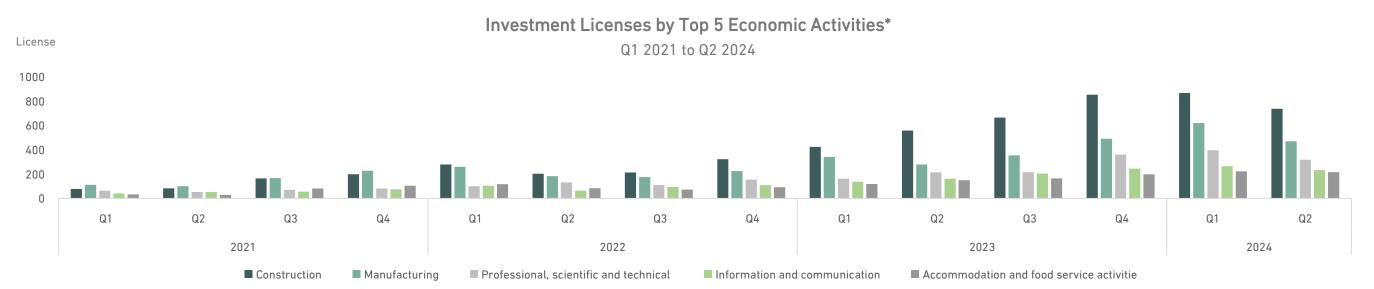






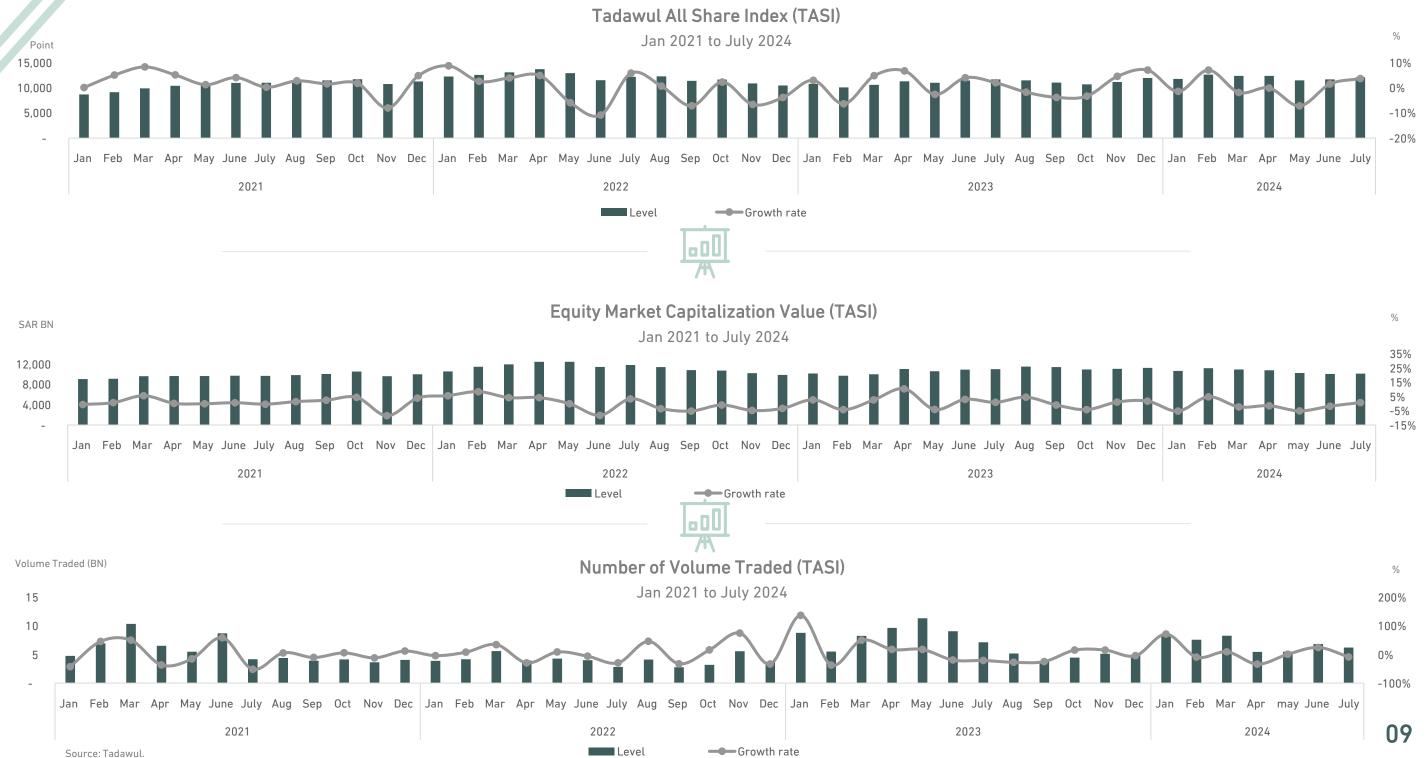
Growth Rate%

Gross Fixed Capital Formation



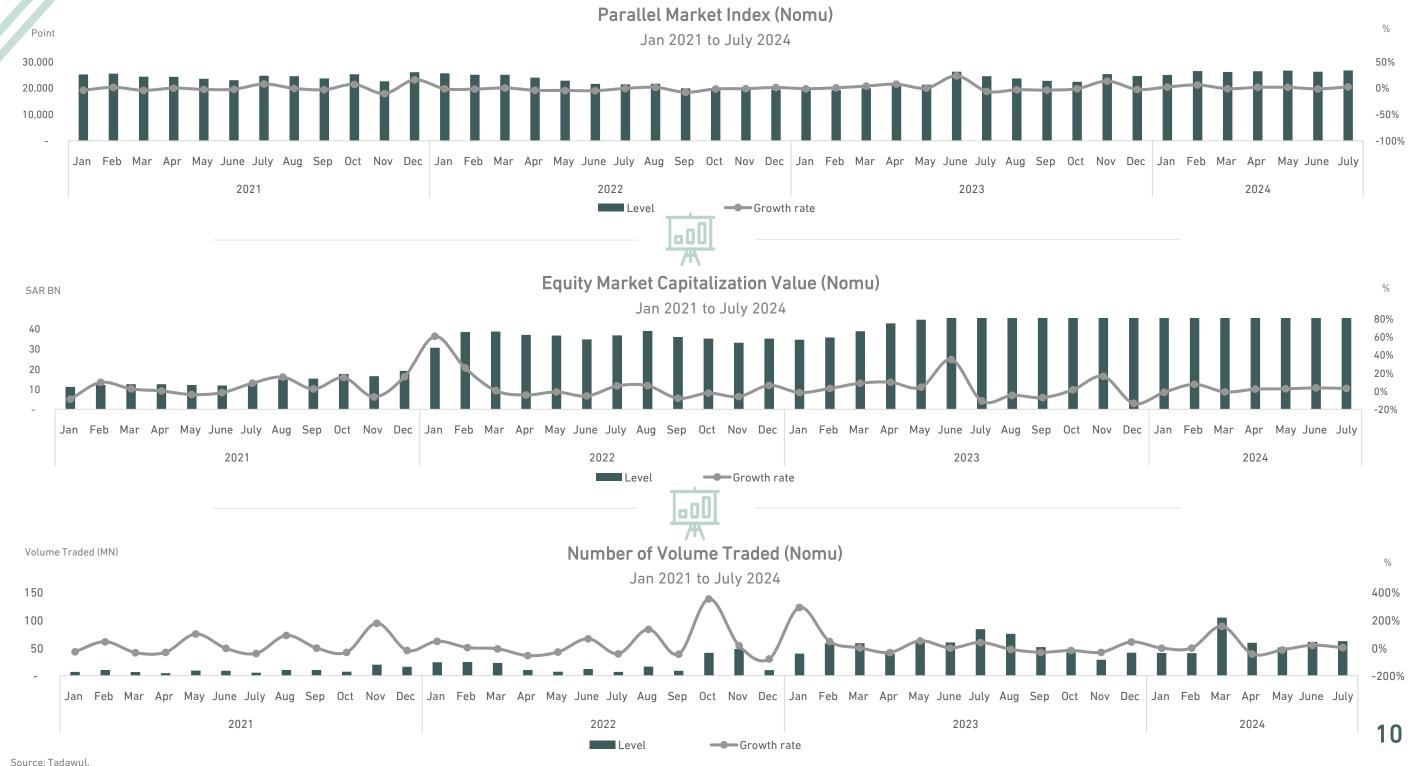
Selected Capital Market Indicators - TASI





Selected Capital Market Indicators - NOMU







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